

REPORT OF TECHNOLOGY DEMONSTRATION FOR REMEDIATION OF HYDROCARBON IMPACTED SOIL

USING

ELECTROKINETIC OXIDATION ENHANCED BIOREMEDIATION

AT

KWAWA, KHANA LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA OF RIVERS STATE. NIGERIA

BY

RDK ENVIRONMENTAL ECO SOLUTIONS LIMITED

AS PART OF ONGOING REMEDIATION OF IMPACTED SOIL IN OGONI AREA OF RIVERS STATE, UNDER THE HYDROCARBON POLLUTION REMEDIATION PROJECT (HYPREP)

FROM

27TH APRIL, 2017 – 12TH MAY, 2017

RDK ENVIRONMMENTAL ECO SOLUTIONS LTD



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ELECTROKINETIC OXIDATION ENHANCED BIOREMEDIATION OF CRUDE OIL IMPACTED SITE AT KWAWA, KHANA LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA OF RIVERS STATE. NIGERIA.

INTRODUCTION

Technology for soil remediation presented to The Hydrocarbon Pollution Remediation Project (HYPREP) by RDK Environmental Eco Solutions Limited was demonstrated in Kwawa between April 27 and May 12, 2017. The procedure adopted involved baseline investigation of the level of Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon (TPH) in the impacted area, excavation of soil for mixing with nutrient (ORS-Sorb) for microbial uptake, addition of hydrocarbon utilizing microbes (KEEEN Oil Spill Control), and installation of electrodes (EKOGRIDTM) to provide required electrons transfer.

In the course of demonstration and monitoring; soil, sediment, and water samples were collected by both RDK and HYPREP for parallel analysis, however this report is based on analysis conducted by RDK. Baseline samples were analysed for TPH only, but monitoring samples were analysed for more parameters; PAH, BTEX, and microbial counting.

After 80 days of demobilizing from site, the baseline top soil (0 - 0.5 m) average TPH of 14,660 mg/kg was reduced to 4,300 mg/kg, while appreciable change was not observed at 1.0 m (baseline; 5256 mg/kg, monitoring; 6480 mg/kg). All surface water samples recorded TPH $(720 \mu \text{g/L})$ above national intervention limit of 600 $\mu \text{g/L}$.

Other analysedparameters could not be compared since these were absent in baseline study. However all Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon (PAH) were below national intervention limit of 40 mg/kg, while Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and Xylene were below detection limit of 0.001 mg/kg. In addition, 85% of the soil and sediment bacteria wereHydrocarbon Utilizing Bacteria (HUB).

Further monitoring and sampling have been scheduled to follow up on performance of the technology. However, from the results obtained so far, the demonstrated technology has shown capability of remediating crude oil impacted site.

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LOCATION AND SITE DESCRIPTION

The Bioremediation Technology Demonstration site is located in Kwawa community, Khanna Local Government Area of Rivers State. The site is a Shell Petroleum Development Company (SPDC) disused manifold area in Yorla Oil Field. The site is about 80 m northwest from the disused manifold and covers an area of 1050 m². The site was dominated by grasses, shrubs and trees that are adapted to saturated soil due to adjoining seasonal swamp. There was an adjoining forest area about 15 m north and west of the site made up of palm trees and other shrubs.

A tarred road leading to the community was located about 50 m southeast of the site. Topography of the site is relatively flat and slopes gradually northwest into a seasonally waterlogged area. Trenches were dug round the designated site area to act as water-break and redirect runoff from entering into the treatment area. Figure 1-3 provide an overview of the site.



Figure 1. HYPREP Project Coordinator and representative of RDK during initial site visit



Figure 2. Cleared and demarcated site with trenches for diverting run-off



Figure 3. Ongoing work at the site (a) Sampling (b) Soil excavation

SITE MONITORING

Post-demonstration site monitoring was conducted on 31st July, 2017 by RDK to appraise the level of remediation occurring within the worked area. About 80% of the site has been colonized by indigenous macrophytes with deep green leave colour and overgrown than

adjoining grasses where treatment did not take place. Also the open stagnant water was clear without any floating oil sheen. However, some pockets of sediment disturbances resulted into release of light oil sheen on water. The ambient air around the site was free of hydrocarbon odour, but, soil and sediment samples showed varying hydrocarbon odour from medium to faint.

Sediment and water samples were collected at three locations within submerged area, while soil samples at 0.5 m and 1.0 m depth were collected at a point in uplandtreated area. Please see the certificate of analysis for the results.

Table 1: Sampling schedule for monitoring remediation work

S/N	Stage of sampling	Sampling	No	No of samples collected			
		date	Soil	Sediment	Surface water		
1	Before demonstration	22/03/207	4	-	-		
2	Post demonstrationmonitoring	31/07/2017	2	3	3		
Tota	l number of samples collec	6	3	3			



Figure 4.Post demonstration monitoring and sampling



Figure 5. Grass appearance within and outside worked area



Figure 6. Clear water within worked area



Figure 7. Inhabitant macrophytes

SAMPLING PROCEDURE

Soil, sediment, and surface water samples were collected in different phases during the remediation demonstration. The GPS coordinates are indicated in the attached laboratory analysis reports.

Soil samples were collected with the aid of stainless steel hand auger at intervals of 0.5m and 1.0m in all the soil sampling locations. The auger holes were backfilled to avoid soil fragmentation in the soil structure. During the baseline sampling, a total of four (4) soil samples were collected within the demarcated area, while two(2) was collected during post-demonstration monitoring in addition to 3 sediment, and 3 water samples. The samples were stored in coolers boxes fitted with ice packs.

Baseline samples were analysed for TPH only, but post-demonstration monitoring samples were analysed for more parameters (PAH, BTEX, and microbial count) in addition to TPH.



Figure 8.Baseline sampling exercise.



Figure 9. Sediment sampling during post-demonstration monitoring

RESULTS AND INTERPRETATION

The TPH result is shown in Table 2. The result at 0.5 m shows significant decrease from 14,662 mg/kg before treatment to 4,302 mg/kg after treatment but there was no appreciable change at 1.0 m depth. It is to be noted that two time sampling and analysis might not be enough to fully analyse the performance of the treatment technology neither will the trend of parameter change identified. Above all, the current results hover around the national intervention limit (5,000 mg/kg) ahead of further sampling and analysis.

The TPH result of water samples is shown in Table 3. All the results are above national intervention limit (600 μ g/L). This could be possibly due to sampling procedure of collecting water samples after sediment sampling. The results however corroborated the emergence of oil sheen when sediment was disturbed.

For other parameters, PAHs were below national intervention limit (40 mg/kg for soil & sediment, and 70 μ g/L for water), while BTEX were below detection limit (<0.001 mg/kg and <0.001 μ g/L). For the microbial analysis however (Table 4), bacteria dominated the total heterotrophic microbes in the samples, and about 85% of the bacteria in soil and sediment were composed of hydrocarbon utilizing bacteria species. Future analysis will be used to identify correlation of HUB and TPH in all samples.

Table 2.TPH in Soil and Sediment Samples (mg/kg)

	Before	e treatment	Post-treatment monitoring 31/07/2017		
DATE	22)	/03/2017			
SAMPLE ID	0.5m	1.0m	0.5m	1.0m	
KW - SS1	16607.7	6102.9			
KW -SS2	12717	4410.9			
KW-SS1			4511	6480	
KW-SED1			3890		
KW-SED2			3390		
KW-SED3			5419		
AVERAGE	14662.35	5256.9	4302.5	6480	

The values in red are higher than national intervention limit (5000 mg/kg)

Table 3. TPH in surface water samples (µg/L)

SAMPLE ID	ТРН
KW-W1	690.75
KW-W2	670.63
KW-W3	800.67
AVERAGE	720.68

Table 4. Microbial analysis of soil, sediment and water samples.

SAMPLE ID	Soil (cfu/g)	Sediment (cfu/g)	Water (cfu/L)
Total heterotrophic bacteria	23.15 x 10 ⁵	20.87 x 10 ⁵	8.83 x 10 ⁵
Hydrocarbon utilizing bacteria	19.00 x 10 ⁵	18.02 x 10 ⁵	2.26 x 10 ⁵
Total heterotrophic fungi	11.00 x 10 ⁵	9.45 x 10 ⁵	0.71 x 10 ⁵
Hydrocarbon utilizing fungi	7.00×10^5	5.74 x 10 ⁵	0.33 x 10 ⁵

CONCLUSION

Electrokinetic enhanced bioremediation technology was demonstrated by RDK Environmental Eco Solutions Limited in crude oil impacted site at Kwawa, Local Government Area of Rivers State. The technology involved biostimulation and bioaugmentation, which were complemented by electrokinetic oxidation. In the post-demonstration site monitoring, the site is currently colonized by indigenous grasses and appeared to overgrow than grasses outside treated area.

Result of sample analysis indicates significant reduction of TPH at 0.5 m depth though the values hover around national intervention limits, but no significant change was recorded at 1.0 m. Further sampling and analysis will be required for holistic performance review.

Golding Manns Ekow Managing Director



Kemnoullinigeria Limited

INDEPENDENT MARINE INSPECTIONS, ENGINEERING AND QUALITY CONTROL SERVICES. PLOT 10 SABBATH ROAD, ELELENWO, PORT HARCOURT. PHONE: 084 771798 PHONE: 080 33427 302, 081 60162 397

Email: kemnoulli@yahoo.com

DATE: 23-03-2017

RDK ENVIRONMENTAL ECO SOLUTIONS LIMITED PORT HARCOURT RIVERS STATE NIGERIA

ATTENTION: MANAGING DIRECTOR

REPORT / CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

DATE:

MARCH 23, 2017

JOB:

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT (SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS OF SOIL

SAMPLE).

REPORT NO:

KNL/LAB.001/03/2017/PH

SAMPLED BY:

RDK

SITE NAME: DATE SAMPLED:

KWAWA

DATE RECEIVED:

22 - 03 - 2017 22 - 03 - 2017

DATE OF ANALYSIS:

23 - 03 - 2017

This certificate of analysis may only be used in its entirety.

Additional information concerning this certificate of analysis can be found in the analytic document 'Specification of method of Analysis'. Copies are available in our office.

A total number of Four (4) samples were collected on 22nd of March, 2017 from two (2) different sampling points at KWAWA with different depths of 0.5m and 1.0m.The soil samples were documented, preserved and transported to the laboratory in ice packed coolers to preserve the sample integrity. The soil samples were analysed for TPH

We trust that we have performed the order in accordance with your expectations. If you have any question concerning this certificate of analysis, please do not hesitate to contact the above number on the letter heading.

Approved By:

Engr. Martin Okoye

Managing Director/CE

SAMPLING/ANALYSIS PLAN AND STORAGE

S/N	NAME OF SITE/LOCATION	SAMPLE ID	DEPTH	SAMPLE TYPE	PARAMETER	SAMPLE COM	TAINER TYPE
						AMBÉR GLASS BOTTLE	GLASS BOTTLE
1		KW-SS1	0.50m			x	
2	ZWIA UIA		1.00m	SOIL	TPH	х	
3	KWAWA	KW-SS2	0.50m	SOIL	1111	x	
4			1.00m			х	

REPORT NO.:	KNL/LAB.001/03/2017/PH	INCIDENT:	N/A
CLIENT:	RDK ENVIRONMENTAL ECO SOLUTIONS LTD	SAMPLED BY:	RDK
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	SOIL SAMPLE	DATE SAMPLED:	22 - 03 - 2017
SAMPLE ORIGIN:	KWAWA	DATE RECEIVED:	22 - 03 - 2017
SAMPLE SOURCE:	N/A	DATE OF REPORTING:	23-03-2017

				DPR max.		RES	ULT	
S/N	PARAMETERS	METHODS	UNIT	INTERVENTION	(0.50m)	KW-SS1 (1.00m)	КW-SS2 (0.50m)	KW-SS2 (1.00m)
	PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS				N 4º 36' 32" E 7º 28' 53.50"	N 4º 36' 32" E 7º 28' 53.50"	N 4º36' 31.38" E 7º28' 53.59"	N 4º36' 31.38" E 7º28' 53.59"
1	TEMPERATURE	<u>-</u>	°C					
2	pH	ASTM D1293B						
3	DISSOLVED OXYGEN	APHA 422B	mg/l					
4	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY	ASTM D1125	μS/cm					
5	SALINITY	APHA 2520	mg/kg					
6	TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	ASTM D1868	33					
7	TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLID	ASTM D1868	"					
8	TURBIDITY	APHA 2130	NTU					
722	METALS							
1	ARSENIC	ASTM D2972	mg/kg	55				
2	BARIUM	ASTM D4382	23	625				
3	CADMIUM	ASTM D2576D	"	12				
4	COBALT	ASTM D3558A	"	240				
5	CHROMIUM	ASTM D2972	22	380				
6	COPPER	ASTM D1688D	>>	190				
7	NICKEL	ASTM D1886C	>>	210		15		
8	MERCURY	ASTM D3229	>>	10				
9	LEAD	ASTM D3559	23	350				
10	ZINC	ASTM D1691 C	>>	720	1.7			
1	<u>HYDROCARBONS</u> TPH	GC (FID)	mg/kg	5000	16,607.70	6,102.90	12,717.00	4,410.90
2	РАН	GC-MSD	"	40				
3	BENZENE	n		1				
4	TOLUENE	n	22	130				
5	ETHYLBENZENE	"	"	50				
6	XYLENE	D	,,	25				
	BIOLOGICALS			real appropriate all assets as				
1	BOD	APHA 507	mg/L					
2	COD	ASTM D1252	332					
3	COLIFORM	MPN COUNT	MPN/ 100ml					
4	TOTAL HETEROTROPHIC BACTERIA	АРНА 9215В	Cfu/g					
5	HYDROCARBON DEGRADING BAC.	27	>2	9 -				
6	TOTAL HETEROTROPHIC FUNGI	27	23	Mine I was at a				
7	HYDROCARBON DEGRADING FUNGI	>>	22	Act (Second				

FOR: KNL:	IKENNA AYEKE	APPROVED BY: KNL:
	LAB.COORDINATOR	MANAGING DIRECTOR

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GC CONDITIONS AND METHOD

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON (TPH)

Samples were analyzed in line with USEPA 8015 method using Gen Tech Master GC equipped with a split/splitless injector, J and W 30 meter DB-5 column and an FID detector. The carrier gas Helium was set at 20ml/min. The injector temperature was set at 240°c and the detector temperature at 300°C. The total run time at 1µl injection volume through the capillary column with a slow ramp rate 40°c to 310°c is 45 minutes. The GC was calibrated using three working standards prepared from a stock solution of Accu standard Hydrocarbon window defining standard 500µg/ml in chloroform.

KENNOLILINGLIMITED

KEMNOULLI NIGERIA LIMITED

INDEPENDENT MARINE INSPECTIONS, ENGINEERING AND QUALITY CONTROL SERVICES.

PLOT 10 SABBATH ROAD, ELELENWO, PORT HARCOURT. PHONE: 084 771798 PHONE: 080 33427 302, 081 60162 397

Email: kemnoulli@yahoo.com

DATE: 04-08-2017

RDK ENVIRONMENTAL ECO SOLUTIONS LIMITED

PLOT NO. EA40, LIGHT IND. ZONE, DEIDEI, RESIDENTIAL DESTRICT, ABUJA, FCT, NIGERIA.

ATTENTION: MANAGING DIRECTOR

REPORT / CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

DATE:

AUGUST 06, 2017

JOB:

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT (SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS OF SOIL,

SEDIMENT AND WATER SAMPLES).

REPORT NO:

KNL/LAB.001/07/2017/PH

SAMPLED BY: SITE NAME: NOSDRA/KNL KWAWA 31 - 07 - 2017

DATE SAMPLED: DATE RECEIVED: DATE OF ANALYSIS: 31 - 07 - 2017 31 - 07 - 2017 31/07/-05/08/ 2017

This certificate of analysis may only be used in its entirety.

Additional information concerning this certificate of analysis can be found in the analytic document 'Specification of method of Analysis'. Copies are available in our office.

A total number of Eight (8) samples were collected on 31st of July, 2017 from different sampling points at KWAWA. Two (2) soil samples were collected from one (1) sampling point with different depths of 0.5m and 1.0m while three (3) water and three (3) sediment samples were collected from three (3) same sampling points. The soil, sediment and water samples were documented, preserved and transported to the laboratory in ice packed coolers to preserve the sample integrity. The soil and water samples were analysed for TPH

We trust that we have performed the order in accordance with your expectations. If you have any question concerning this certificate of analysis, please do not hesitate to contact the above number on the letter heading.

Approved By:

For: KNL

Engr. Martin Okoye

Managing Director/CEQ

B



SAMPLING/ANALYSIS PLAN AND STORAGE

S/N	NAME OF SITE/LOCATION	SAMPLE ID	DEPTH	SAMPLE TYPE	PARAMETER	SAMPLE CON	TAINER TYPE
		,				AMBER GLASS BOTTLE	GLASS BOTTLE
1		KW-SS1	0 50m	SOIL	ТРН,РАН,ВТЕХ, МСВ	X	,
2			1.00m	SOIL	трн,ран,втех, мсв	Х	
3		KW-SED 1	-	SEDIMENT	трн,ран,втех, мсв	X	
4		KW-SED 2	No.	SEDIMENT	трн,ран,втех, мсв	X	
5	KWAWA	KW-SED 3		SEDIMENT	ТРИ,РАН,ВТЕХ, МСВ	x	
6		KW-WI	-	WATER	ТРН,РАН,ВТЕХ, МСВ		Х
7		KW- W2	-	WATER	трн,ран,втех, мсв		Х
8		KW- W3	-	WATER	ТРН,РАН,ВТЕХ, МСВ		X



REPORT NO.:	KNL/LAB 001/08/2017/PH	INCIDENT:	N/A
CLIENT:	RDK ENVL ECO SOLUTIONS LIMITED	SAMPLED BY:	NOSDRA KNI.
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	SOIL SAMPLE	DATE SAMPLED:	31 - 07 - 2017
SAMPLE ORIGIN:	KWAWA	DATE RECEIVED:	31 - 07 - 2017
SAMPLE SOURCE:	N/A	DATE OF REPORTING:	05-08-2017

					RESULT	
S/N	PARAMETERS	METHODS	UNIT	OPR NOT INTERVENTION LIMIT	KW-SS1 (0.50m)	(1.00m)
	PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS				N04º 36' 31 5" E007º 20' 53 5'	N04° 36' 31.5° F-087° 28' 53.5°
1	TEMPERATURE		°C	-		-
2	pH	ASTM D1293B		-	-	_
3	DISSOLVED OXYGEN	APHA 422B	mg/[-		-
4	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY	ASTM D1125	μS/cm	-	_	* <u>.</u>
	METALS				-	-
1	ARSENIC	ASTM D2972	mg/kg	55		-
2	BARIUM	ASTM D4382	- 57	625	-	
3	CADMIUM	ASTM D2576D	,,	12		-
4	COBALI	ASTM D3558A	",	240	*	-
5	CHROMIUM	ASTM D2972	,,	380	-	-
6	COPPER	ASTM D1688D	17	190	-	-
7	NICKEL	ASTM D1886C	77	210	4	-
8	MERCURY	ASTM D3229	12	10	-	-
9	LEAD	ASTM D3559	"	350	-	-
10	ZINC	ASTM D1691 C	37	720	-	-
1	HYDROCARBONSTPH	GC (FID)	mg/kg	5000	4,510.89	6,480.40
2	PAH	GC -MSD	,,	40	22.55	32 4()
3	BENZENE		,,	1	<0.001	< 0.001
4	TOLUENE		"	130	< 0.001	< 0.001
5	ETHYLBENZENE		17	50	< 0.001	< 0.001
6	XYLENE		,,	25	< 0.001	<0.001
	BIOLOGICALS					-
1	BOD	APHA 507	mg/[*	-	-
2	COD	ASTM D1252	,,	-		-
3	COLIFORM	MPN COUNT	MPN/ 100ml	-	-	-
4	TOTAL HETEROTROPHIC BACTERIA	APITA 9215B	Cfu/g	-	22 30x10 ⁵	24 00x105
5	HYDROCARBON DEGRADING BAC	77.	.53	-	18.00x10°	20.00x10 ⁵
6	TOTAL HETEROTROPHIC FUNGI	33	,,	~	10 00x10 ⁵	12 00x105
7	HYDROCARBON DEGRADING FUNGI	**	,,		7.00x10°	7.00x10 ⁵

FOR: KNL:	IKENNA AYEKE	APPROVED BY: KNL:
	LAB.COORDINATOR	MANAGING DIRECTOR



REPORT NO.:	KNL/LAB 002/08/2017/PH	INCIDENT:	N/A
CLIENT:	RDK ENVLECO SOLUTIONS LIMITED	SAMPLED BY:	NOSDRA/KNI
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	SEDIMENT SAMPLE	DATE SAMPLED:	31 - 07 - 2017
SAMPLE ORIGIN:	KWAWA	DATE RECEIVED:	31 - 07 - 2017
SAMPLE SOURCE:	N/A	DATE OF REPORTING:	05 - 08 - 2017

	PARAMETERS	METHODS	UNIT	DPR rose. INTERVENTION	RESULT		
S/N					KW-SED I	KW-SED 2	KW-SED 3
712	PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS				N04° 38' 31 9' E007° 28' 53 0"	N04º 36° 32 3° F007º 28° 53 6°	N04° 35' 32 0" F007° 28' 53 4"
1	TEMPERATURE		°C	-	•		-
2	На	ASTM D1293B	-	-	77		-
3	DISSOLVED OXYGEN	APHA 422B	mg/[-			-
4	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY	ASTM D1125	μS/cm	-			
	METALS				-		
1	ARSENIC	ASTM D2972	mg/kg	55			
2	BARIUM	ASTM D4382	,,	625	-		-
3	CADMIUM	ASTM D2576D	27	12	•		-
4	COBALT	ASTM D3558A	>>	240	•		
5	CHROMIUM	ASTM D2972	"	380			
6	COPPER	ASTM D1688D	,,	190	-		-
7	NICKEL	ASTM D1886C	,,	210	-		-
8	MERCURY	ASTM D3229	,,	10	_		-
9	LEAD	ASTM D3559	,,	350	-		-
10	ZINC	ASTM D1691 C		720			
1	HYDROCARBONS TPH	GC (FID)	mg/kg	5000	3,889.90	3,390.34	5,419.00
2	PAH	GC -MSD	77	40	19.45	16.95	27.10
3	BENZENE		**	1	< 0.001	<0.001	100.0>
4	TOLUENE	.,	"	130	< 0.001	<0.001	< 0.001
5	ETHYLBENZENE		,,	50	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
6	XYLENE	11	,,	25	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
	BIOLOGICALS						-
1	вор	APHA 507	mg/L	-			-
2	COD	ASTM D1252	79	-			-
3	COLIFORM	MPN COUNT	MPN/ 100ml				
4	TOTAL HETEROTROPHIC BACTERIA	APHA 9215B	Cfu/g	-	20.30x10°	21 00x10 ⁵	21 30x10 ⁵
5	HYDROCARBON DEGRADING BAC	37	33	-	16 00x10 ⁵	19.00x10 ⁵	19 05x10 ⁵
6	TOTAL HETEROTROPHIC FUNGI	77	2,9	-	8 00×10°	10 00x10 ⁵	10 34x10 ⁵
7	HYDROCARBON DEGRADING FUNGI	27	27		5.00x10°	5.00x105	7.23x10 ⁵

		Q Caip of
FOR: KNL:	IKENNA AYEKE	APPROVED BY: KNL:
	LAB.COORDINATOR	MANAGING DIRECTOR

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REPORT NO.:	KNL/LAB.003/08/2017/PH	INCIDENT:	N/A
CLIENT:	RDK ENVLECO SOLUTIONS LIMITED	SAMPLED BY:	NOSDRA-KNL
TYPE OF SAMPLE:	WATER SAMPLE	DATE SAMPLED:	31 07 2017
SAMPLE ORIGIN:	KWAWA	DATE RECEIVED:	31 - 07 - 2017
SAMPLE SOURCE:	N/A	DATE OF REPORTING:	05 - 08 - 2017

					RESULT		
S/N	PARAMETERS	WETHORS	UNIT	DPR and INTERVENTION LIMIT	KW-W I	KW-W 2	KW-W3
1303.4	PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS				N94°36' 31.9' E007°28' 53.0'	N04º 36' 32 3' E-007º 28' 53 6'	N04º 35' 32.0° E007º 28' 53.4°
1	TEMPERATURE		°C	-		**	-
2	рН	ASTM D1293B	-			-	
3	DISSOLVED OXYGEN	APHA 422B	mg/[-
4	ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY	ASTM D1125	µS/cm	*	-	-	
	METALS				7	-	- 1
1	ARSENIC	ASTM D2972	μg/l	60	15.	-	
2	BARIUM	ASTM D4382	13	625	-	-	
3	CADMIUM	ASTM D2576D	,,	6	-	-	•
4	COBALT	ASTM D3558A	**	100	-	-	•
5	CHROMIUM	ASTM D2972	12	30		**	-
6	COPPER	ASTM D1688D	- 27	75			*
7	NICKEL	ASTM D1886C	"	75	-	-	-
8	MERCURY	ASTM D3229	"	0.3	-	-	-
9	LEAD	ASTM D3559	>>	75	-	-	-
10	ZINC	ASTM D1691 C	79	800	* •	-	-
1	HYDROCARBONS TPH	GC (FID)	μg/l	600	690 75	670.63	800.67
2	PAH	GC-MS	"	70	6.90	6.71	8.01
3	BENZENE	27	77	30	<0.001	<0.001	< 0.001
4	TOLUENE	77		1000	<0.001	< 0.001	<0.001
5	ETHYLBENZENE	21	71	150	<0.001	<.0 001	<0.001
6	XYLENE		,,	70	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.001
	BIOLOGICALS				-	-	-
1	BOD	APHA 507	mg/[-		~	-
2	COD	ASTM D1252	,,	-		-	-
2			MPN/			-	
3	COLIFORM	MPN COUNT	Cfu/ 1		8 30x10°	7 90x10°	10.30x10°
4	TOTAL HETEROTROPHIC BACTERIA	APHA 9215B	Ciu/ {	-	2.00x10 ⁵	2.00x10 ⁵	2.78x10 ⁵
5	HYDROCARBON DEGRADING BAC.	-		-	0.68x10 ⁵	0.57x10 ⁵	0.89x10 ⁵
6	TOTAL HETEROTROPHIC FUNGI	*		V-10-1	0.68x10°	0.37x10 0.23x10 ⁵	0.43x10 ⁵
7	HYDROCARBON DEGRADING FUNGI	-	<u> </u>	-	0.34810	1 0 23 3 1 0	0.93810

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FOR: KNL:	IKENNA AYEKE	APPROVED BY: KNL:
	LAB.COORDINATOR	MANAGING DIRECTOR

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GC CONDITIONS AND METHOD

TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON (TPH)

Samples were analyzed in line with USEPA 8015 method using Gen Tech Master GC equipped with a split/splitless injector, J and W 30 meter DB-5 column and an FID detector. The carrier gas Helium was set at 20ml/min. The injector temperature was set at 240°c and the detector temperature at 300°C. The total run time at 1µl injection volume through the capillary column with a slow ramp rate 40°c to 310°c is 45 minutes. The GC was calibrated using three working standards prepared from a stock solution of Accu standard Hydrocarbon window defining standard 500µg/ml in chloroform.

POLYNUCLEAR AROMATIC HYDROCARBON (PAH) GC-MS

PAH analysis was carried out in line with EPA 8270 method on an Agilent 6890 GC/MSD 5973 equipped with a split/splitless injector, J and W 30 meter DB-5 column and Mass Selective Detector. The carrier gas Helium was set at 34ml/min. The total run time is 15.60minutes. The GC was calibrated using three working standards prepared from a stock solution of Accu standard for PAH of 2.0mg/ml in Dichloromethane: Benzene (1:1).

BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZEN, XYLENE (BTEX)

A headspace gas chromatographic mass spectrometric (GC-MS) was used for the determination of benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene and xylene (BTEX) in soil/water samples. For water sample, measure 5ml of sample in a 20ml glass VOC vial already tuffed with 5ml of methanol solvent, capped with screw-cap and Teflon and shake in a sonicator for extraction. For soil samples, 5mg of soil sample was placed in a 20 mL VOC vial already filled with 10 mL of methanol solvent, the mixture was shake in a sonicator for extraction. The sample was positioned in the headspace sample vial tray for BTEX analysis with the aid of GC/MS and Headspace. The GC was calibrated using three working standards prepared from a stock solution of Accu standard for BTEX of 2.0mg/ml in methanol.